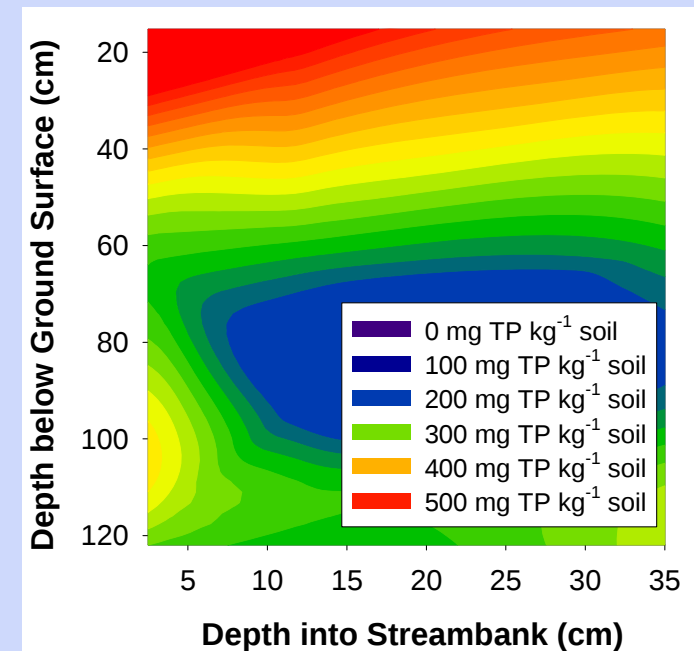
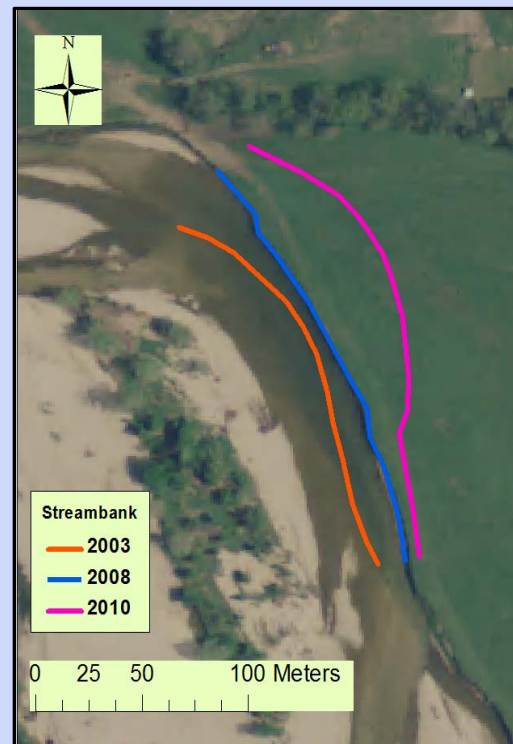




Estimating Sediment and Phosphorus Loads from Streambanks in the Barren Fork Creek Watershed

PI: Garey Fox, Ph.D., P.E., Professor and Buchanan Chair
Dr. Ron Miller, Dr. Chad Penn, Dr. Dan Storm

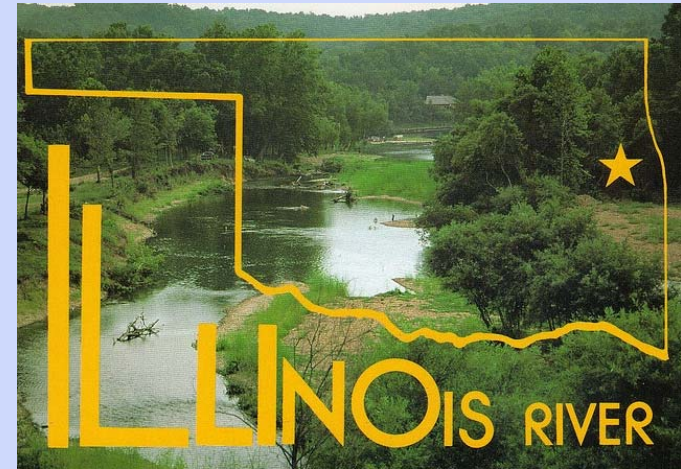




Streambank P Loading

What is the Issue?

- Composite banks:
 - Erode by fluvial undercutting of gravel
 - Failure of cohesive topsoil layer
- Sediment and phosphorus (P) loading from streambanks unknown





April 3rd, 2009

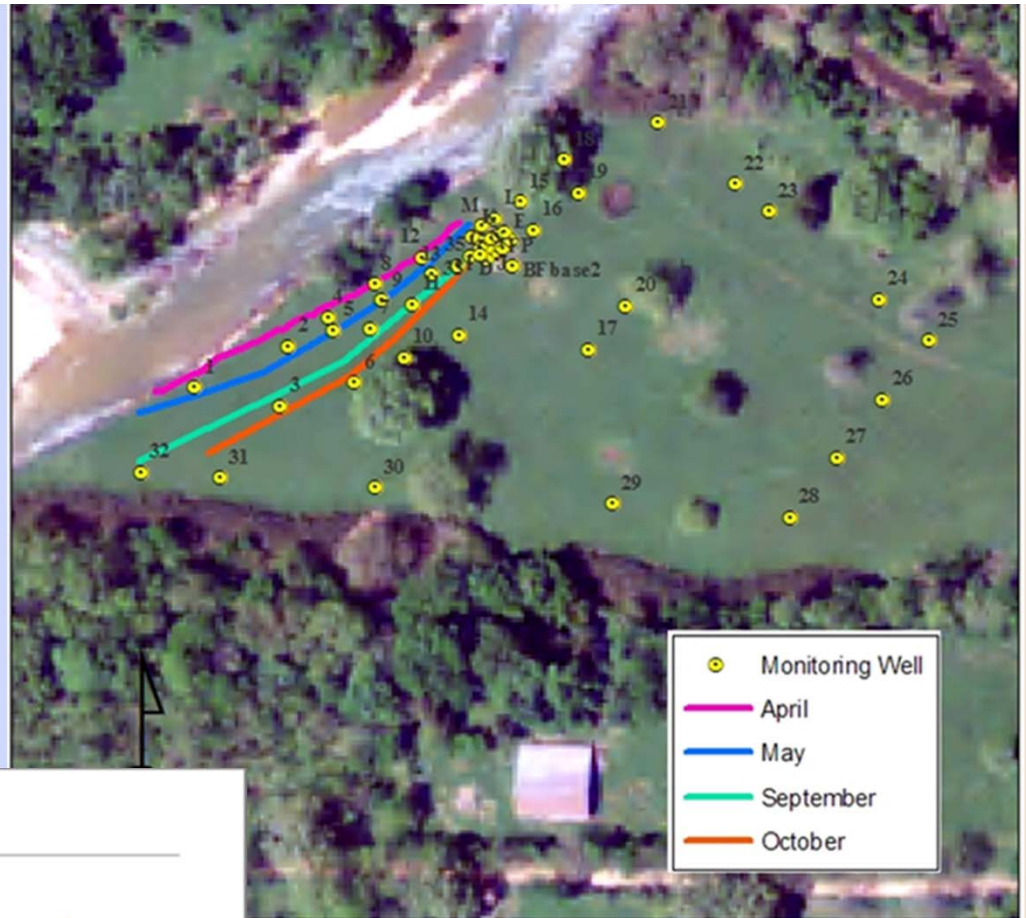
May 2nd, 2009



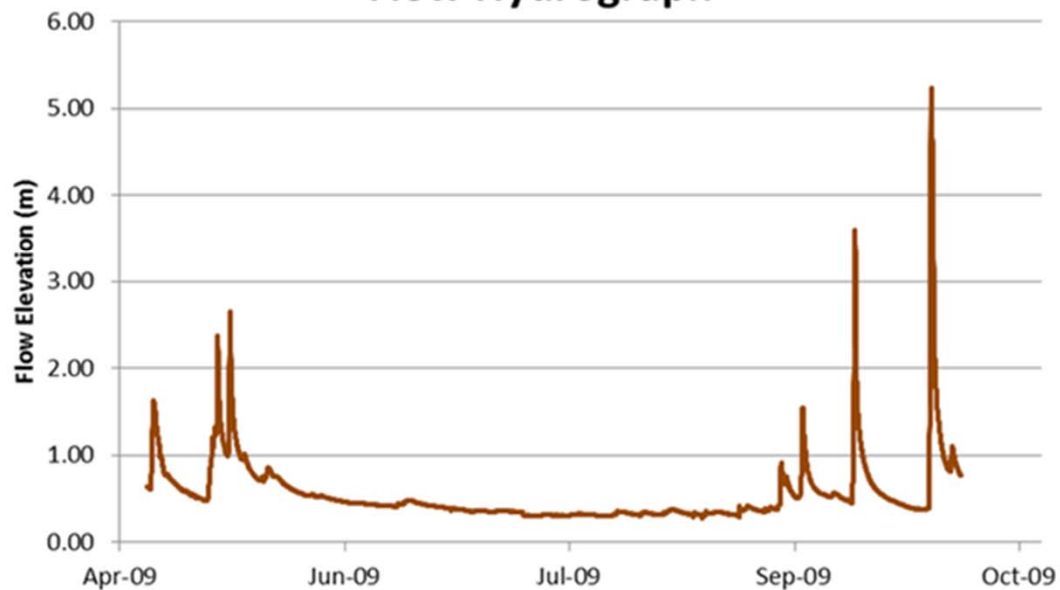
Sept. 23rd, 2009



7.8 to 20.9 m of bank retreat during the summer of 2009 over a 100 m reach



Flow Hydrograph

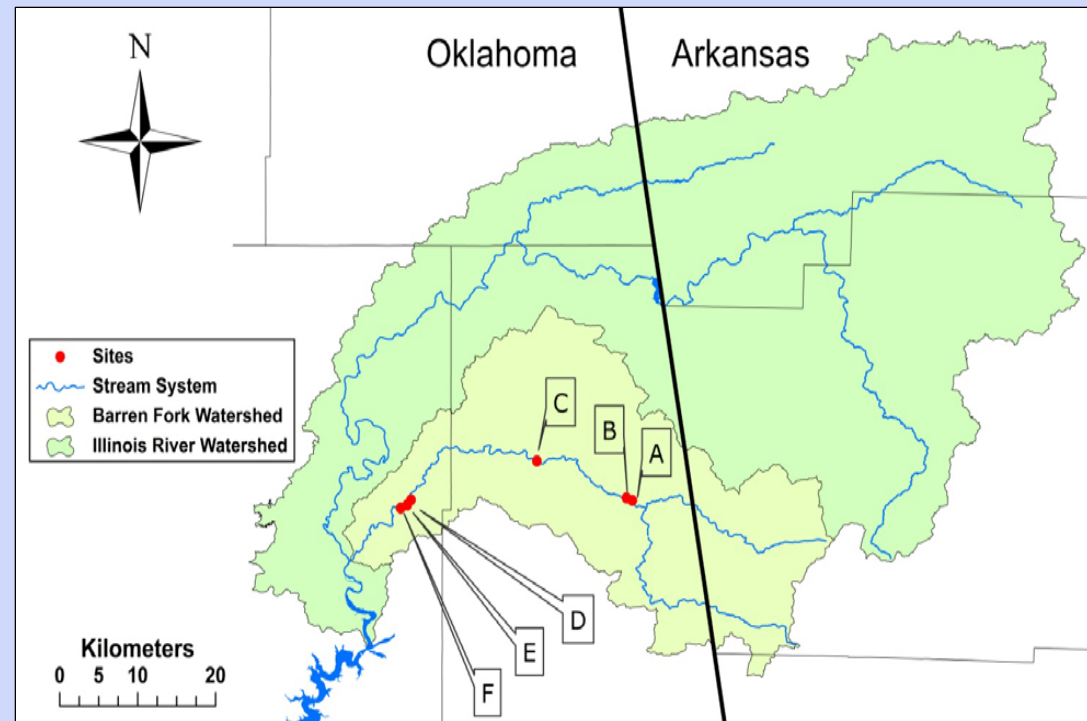




Streambank P Loading

Objectives

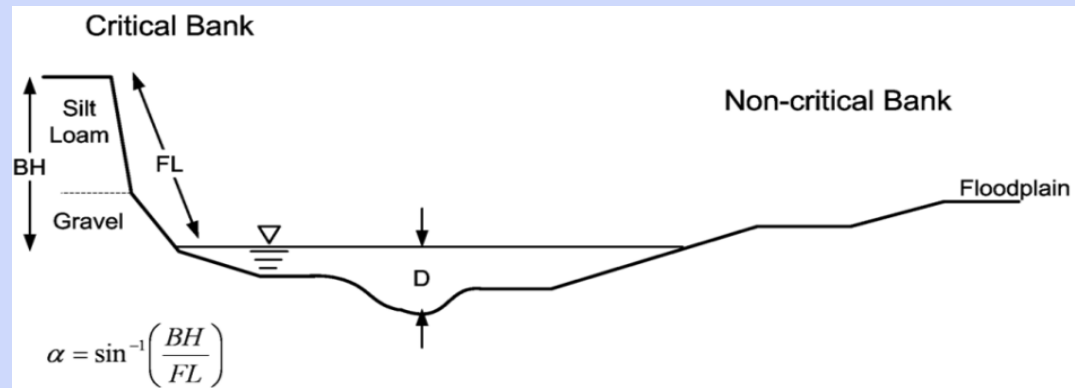
- Estimate sediment and P loading from streambanks in the Barren Fork Creek
- Quantify impact of riparian protection on sediment and P loading rates





Streambank P Loading

Typical Bank Profile





Streambank P Loading

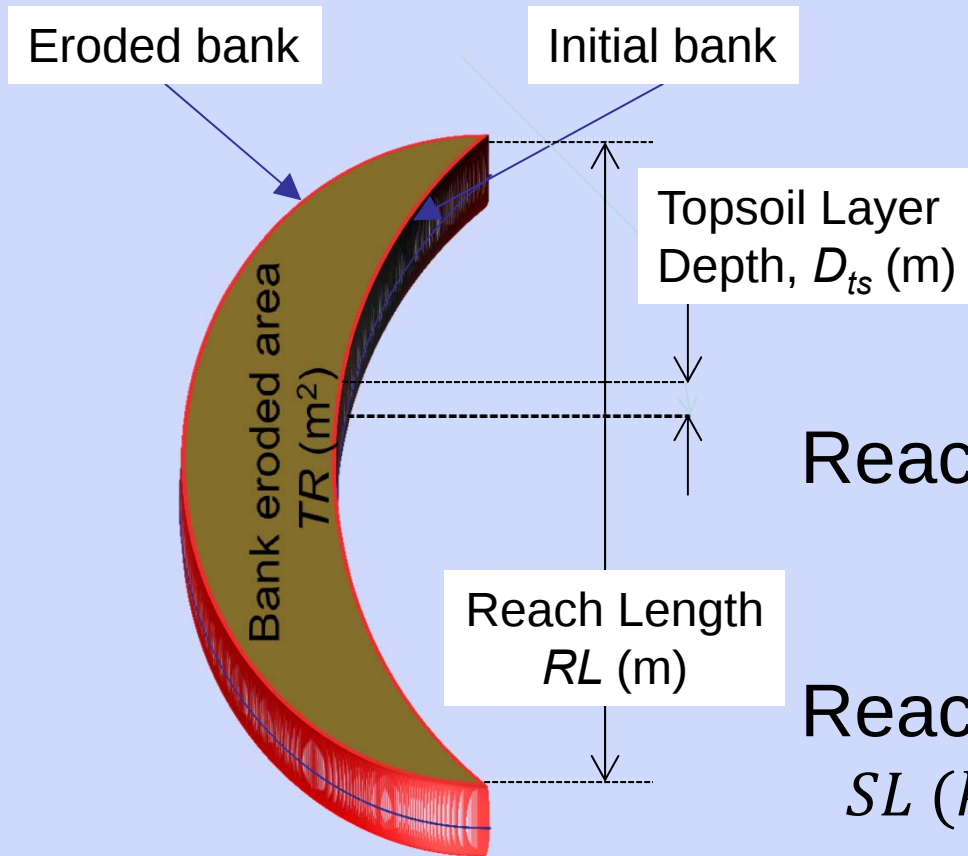


Eroded Area

- NAIP Aerial Imagery
 - 2003 (below)
 - 2008 (Above)
- Digitize bank location
- Calculate area difference



Eroded Area and Loading



Reach-averaged bank retreat:

$$SR (m) = TR \div RL$$

Reach sediment loading:

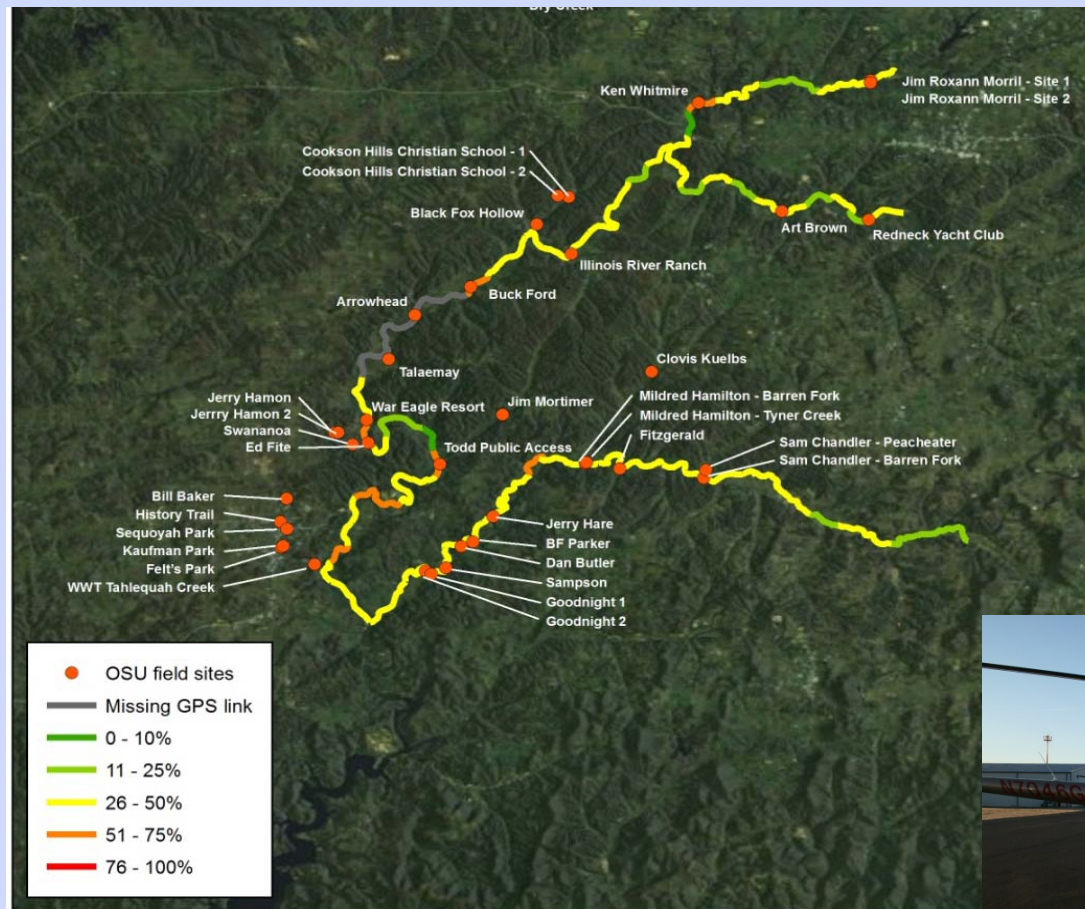
$$SL (kg/yr) = RL \times SR \times D_{ts} \times \rho_b$$

$\rho_b \approx 1500 \text{ kg/m}^3$



Streambank P Loading

Eroded Banks in Watershed





Streambank P Loading

P Sampling from Streambanks



- Cores to 1 m depth
 - 5 cm below GS
 - 15 cm below GS
 - Center of topsoil
 - Topsoil/Gravel interface
- Cores divided
 - 0-5 cm
 - 5-50 cm
 - 50-100 cm
- pH, EC, WSP, Mehlich III
Soil P, TP



P Sampling from Streambanks

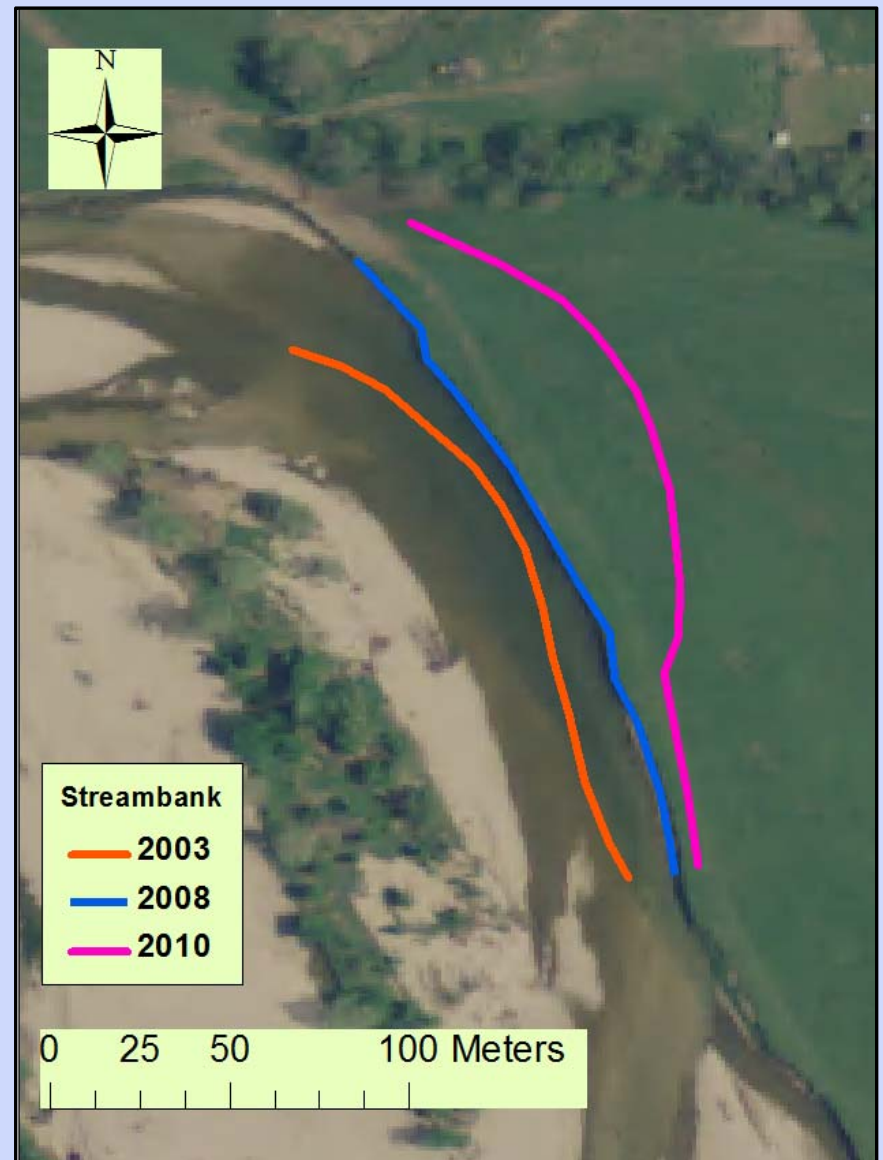
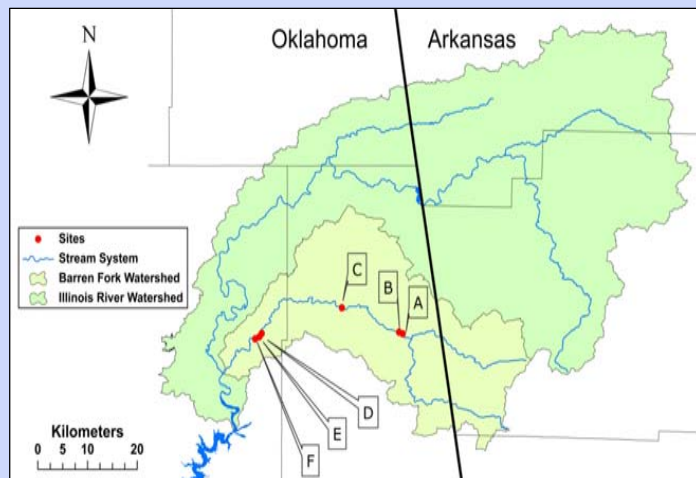
- WSP = soil P concentration readily available to the water phase (8.6 mg P/kg soil)
- DPS = degree of phosphorus saturation (25%)
- Melich III Soil P = typically used as standard for agronomic practices (agronomic optimum = 32.5 mg/kg)
- TP = total P content in the soils, not necessarily correlated to WSP

Site A - Unprotected

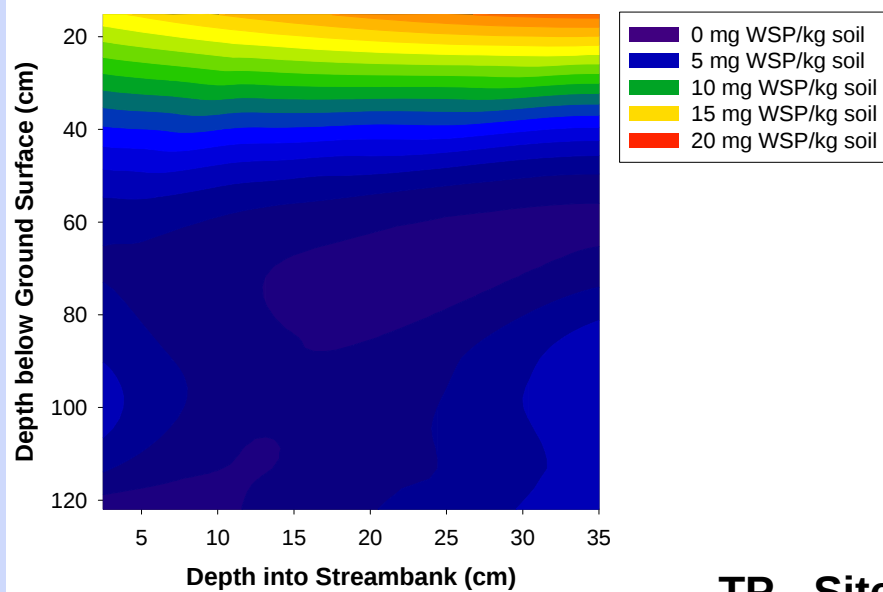
Watershed Area: 363 km²

Reach Length: 190 m

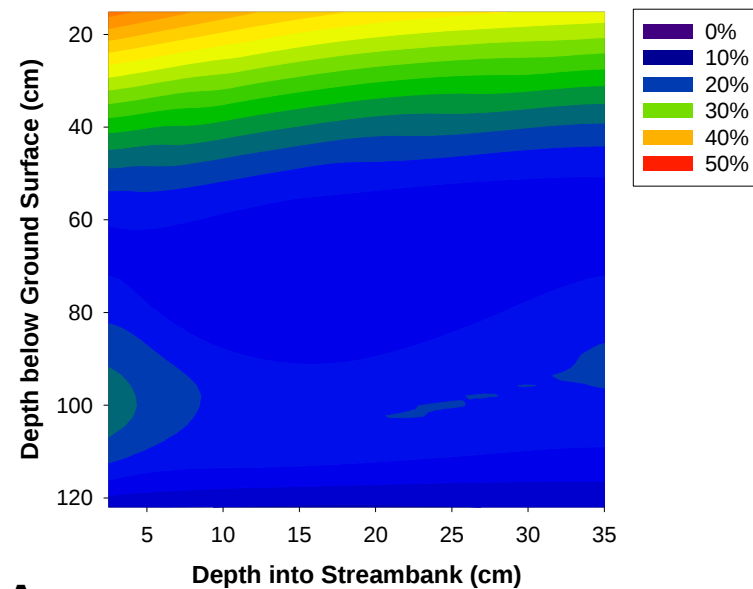
Average of 33.7 m of lateral migration



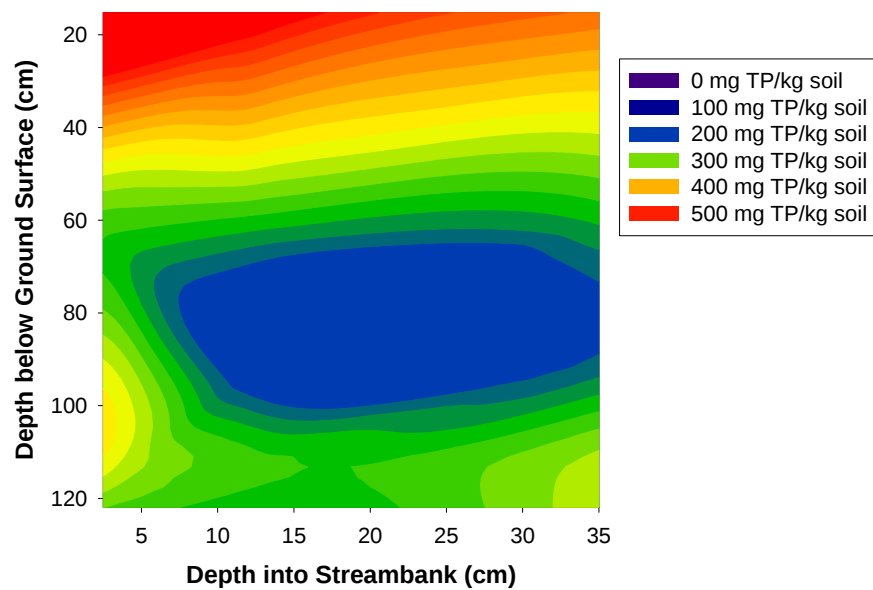
WSP - Site A



DPS - Site A



TP - Site A

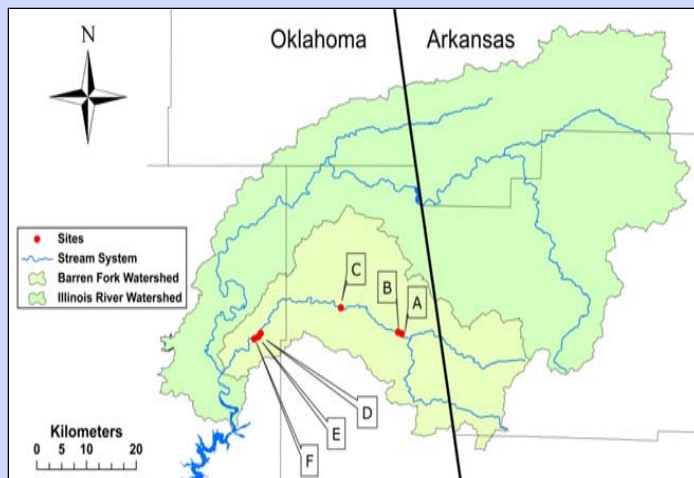


Site C – Protected (Historically)

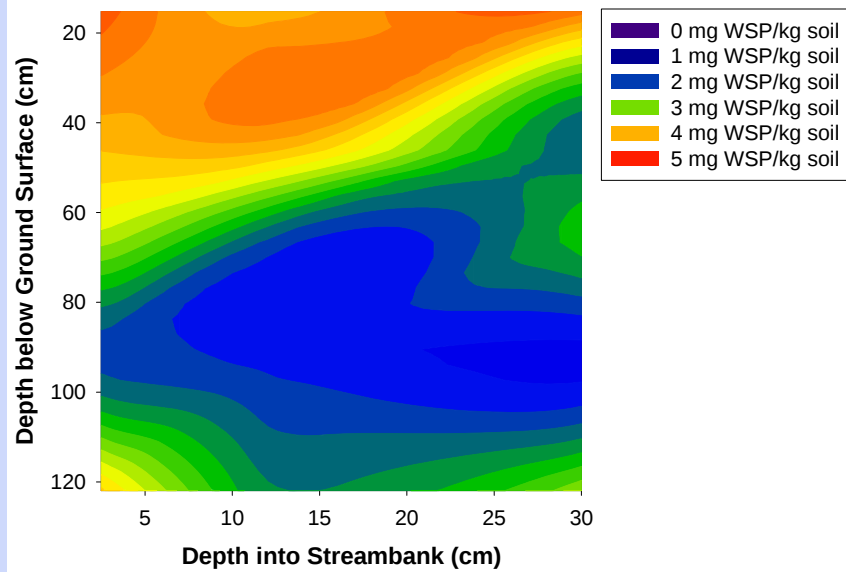
Watershed Area: 544 km²

Reach Length: 138 m

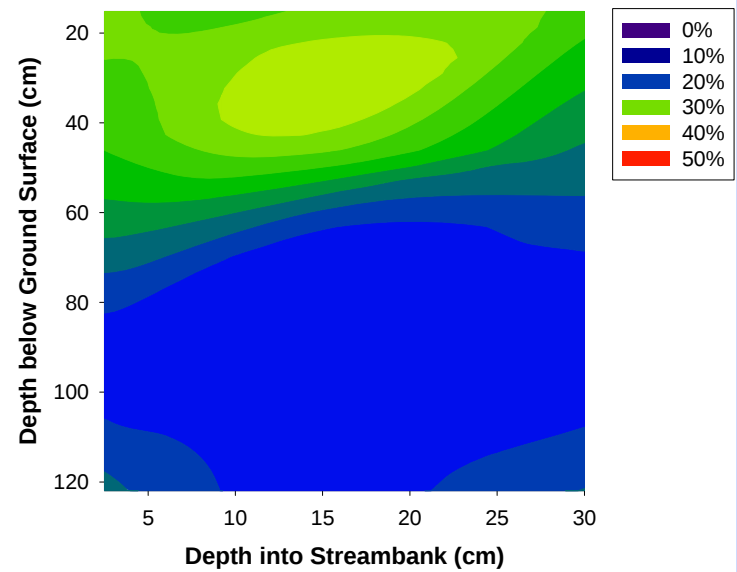
Average of 7.3 m of lateral migration



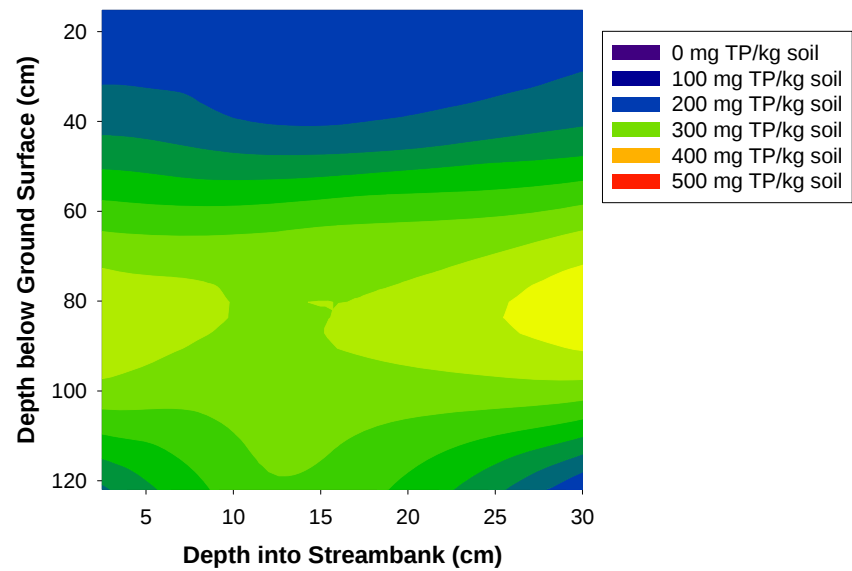
WSP - Site C



DPS - Site C

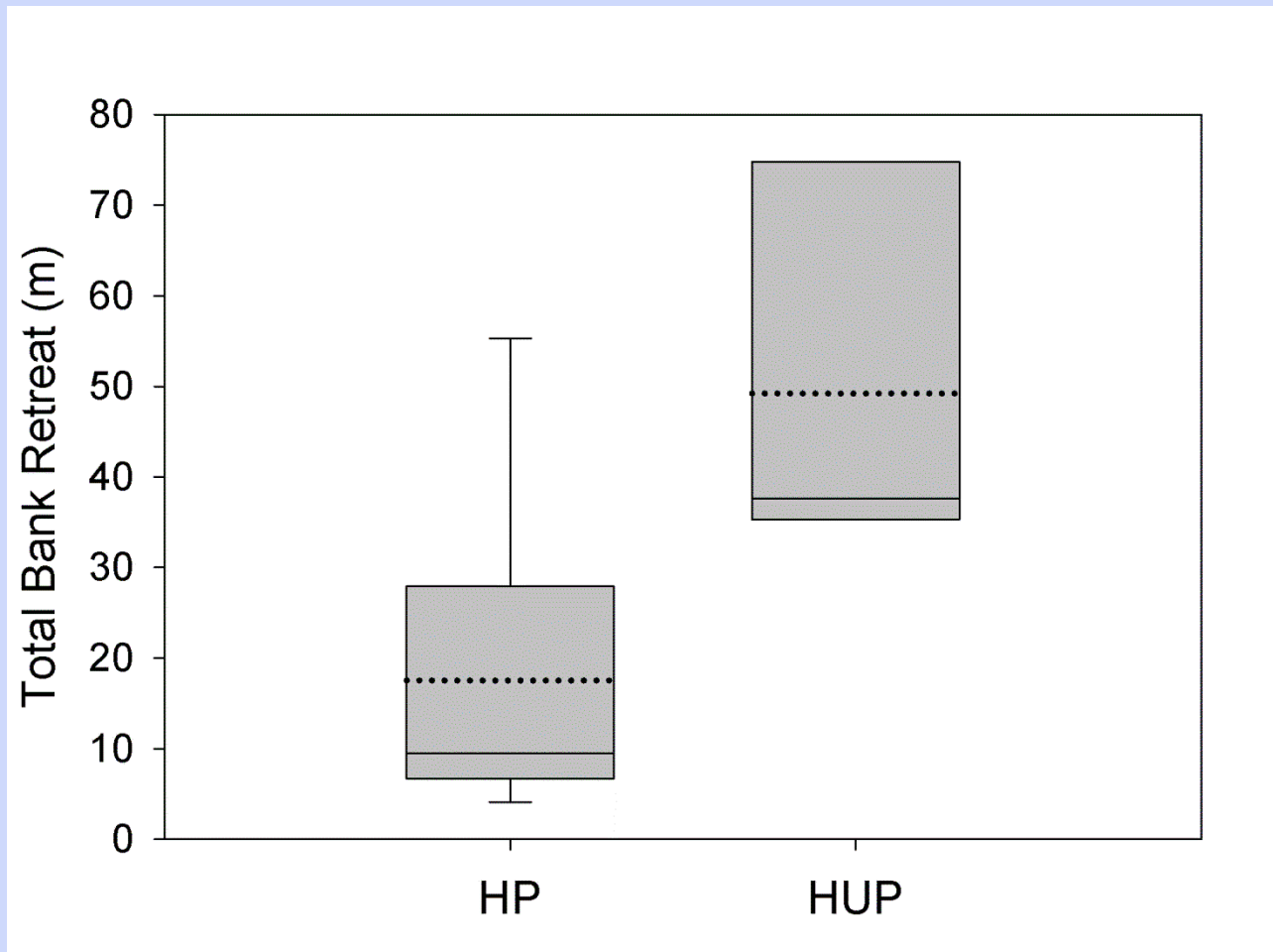


TP - Site C



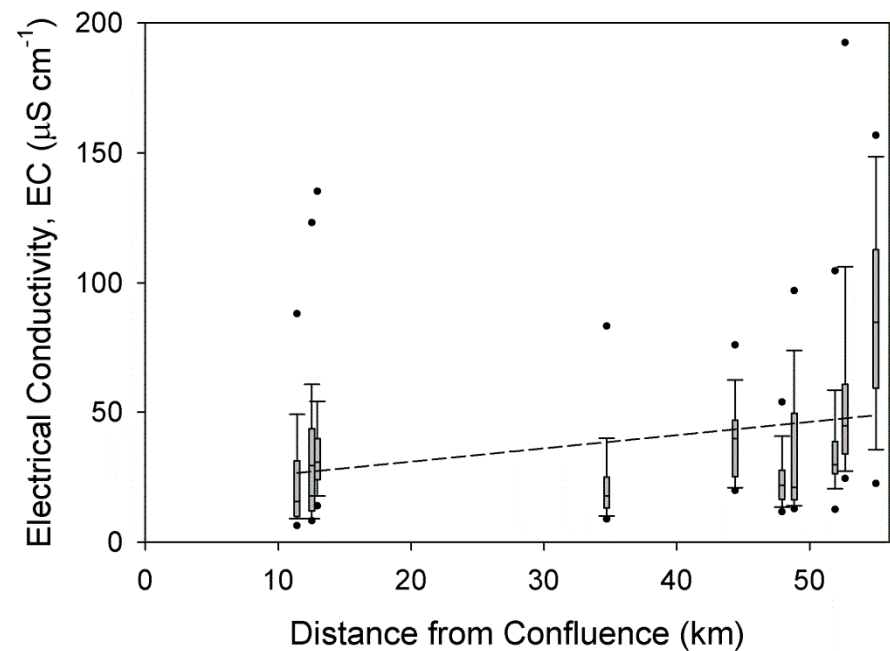
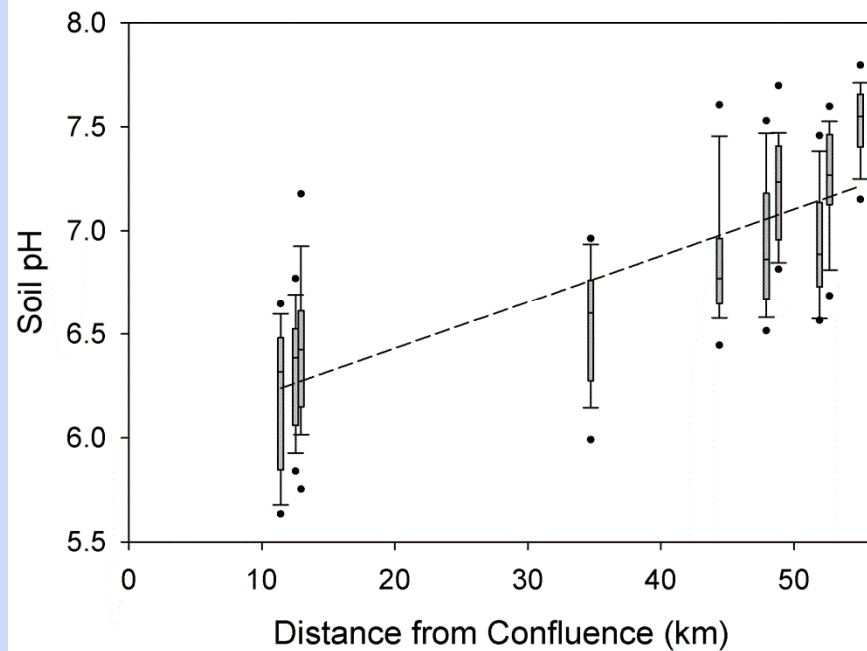


Impact of Riparian Protection





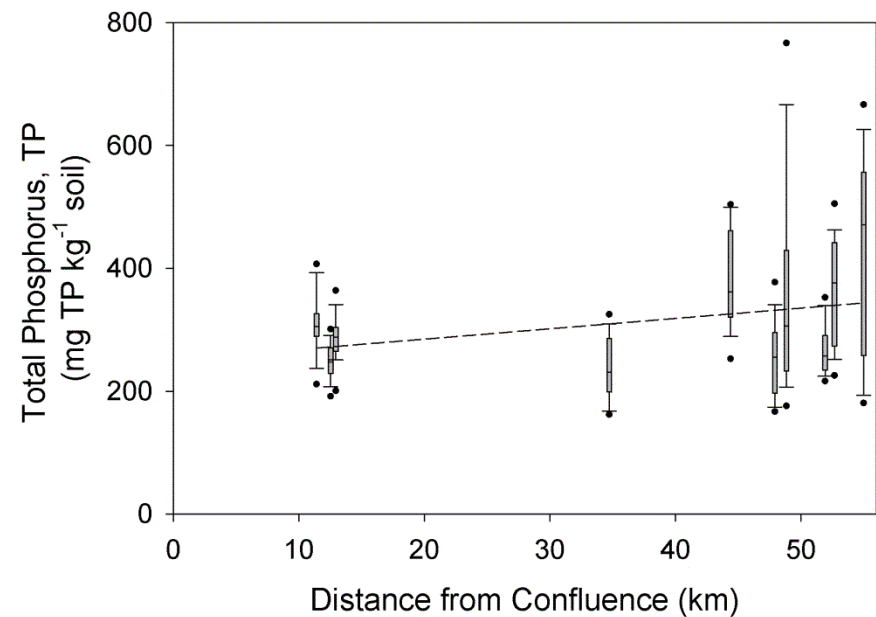
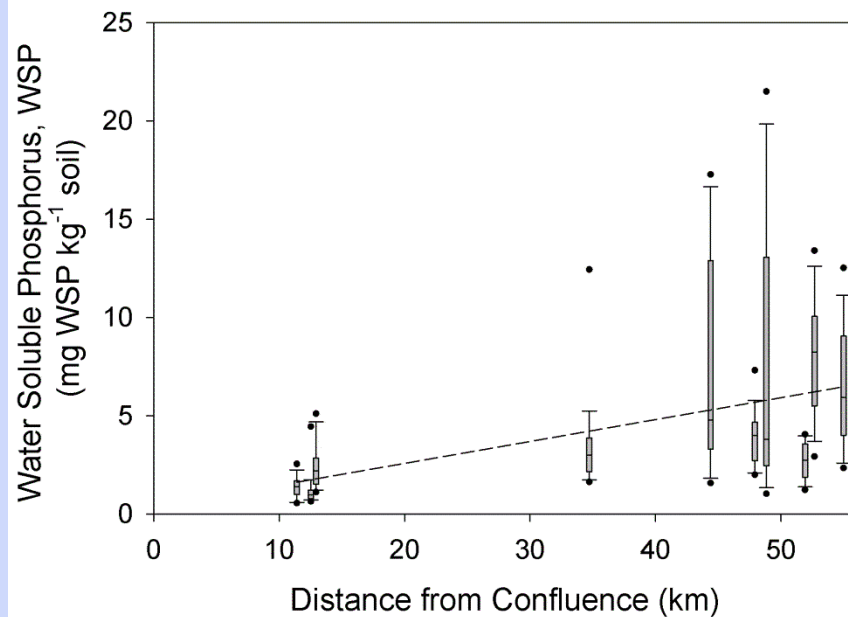
Longitudinal Patterns





Streambank P Loading

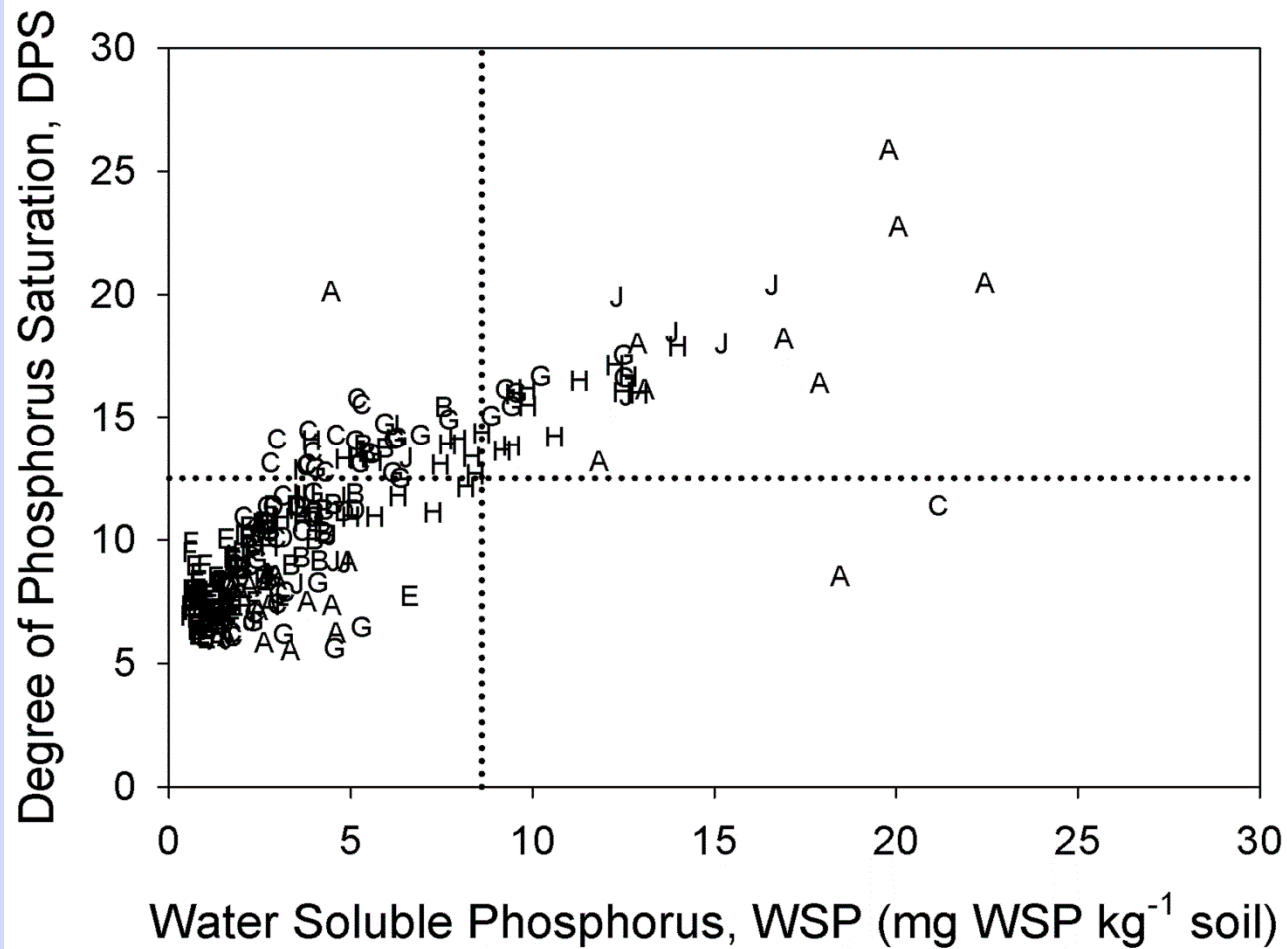
Longitudinal Patterns





Streambank P Loading

DPS vs. WSP

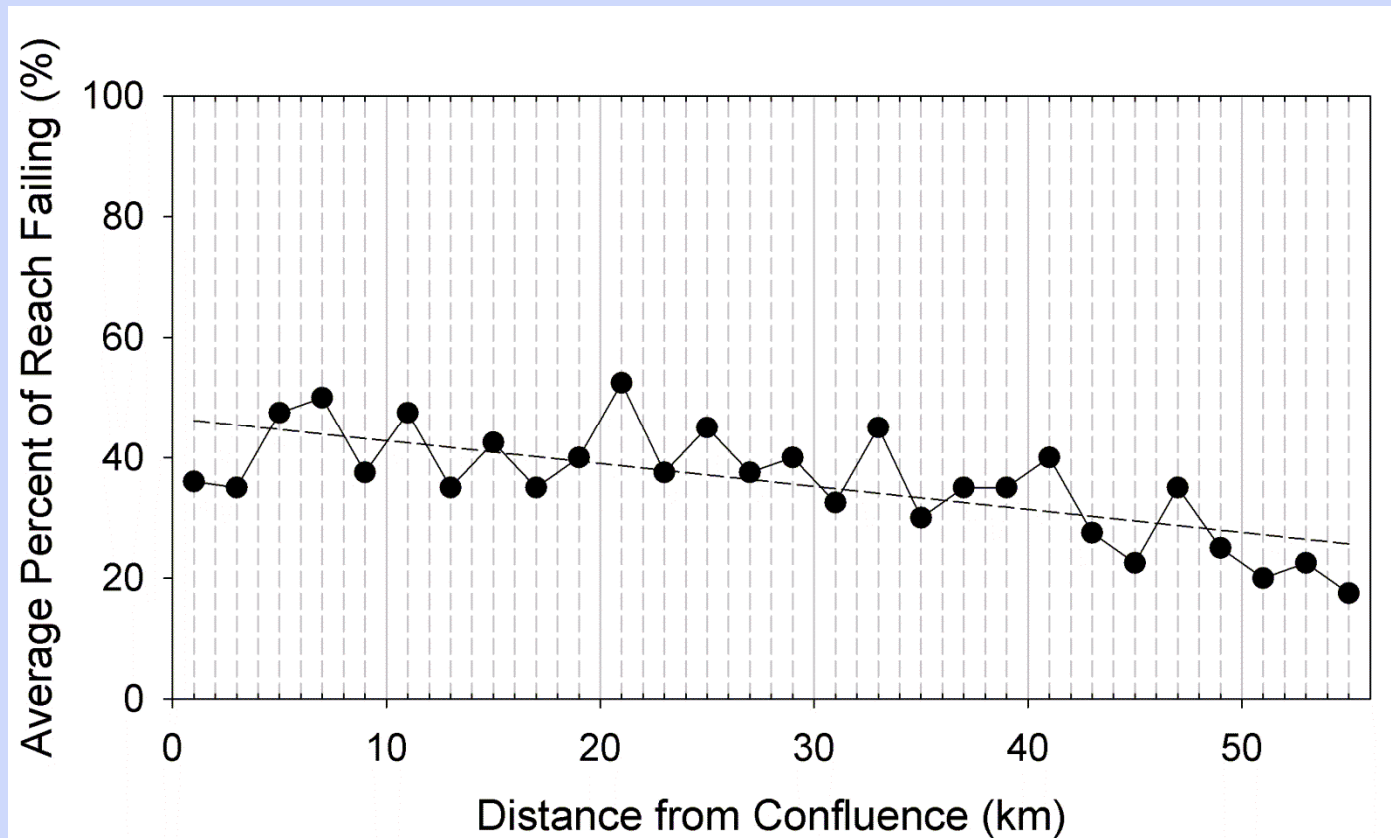




Streambank P Loading

Percentage of Stream Reach Failing

- Stream length ~55 km
- 11 to 50% of reach failing - Average of 36% failing





Loading Rates

- LOADEST (USGS, Runkel et al., 2004)
- ~10-15% of dissolved P load from streambanks
- Greater than 100% of TP from streambanks
- 3x to 5x reduction in contributed WSP and TP per m of bank per year with riparian protection



Conclusions

- Longitudinal trends in soil chemistry, soil P concentrations, and streambank erosion rates
- 10% of WSP load from streambanks
- TP loads on the same order of magnitude
- 3x-4x reduction in sediment with riparian protection; 3x-5x reduction in P with riparian protection
- Future work – Spavinaw Creek!



Streambank P Loading

Questions?

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garey.fox@okstate.edu

